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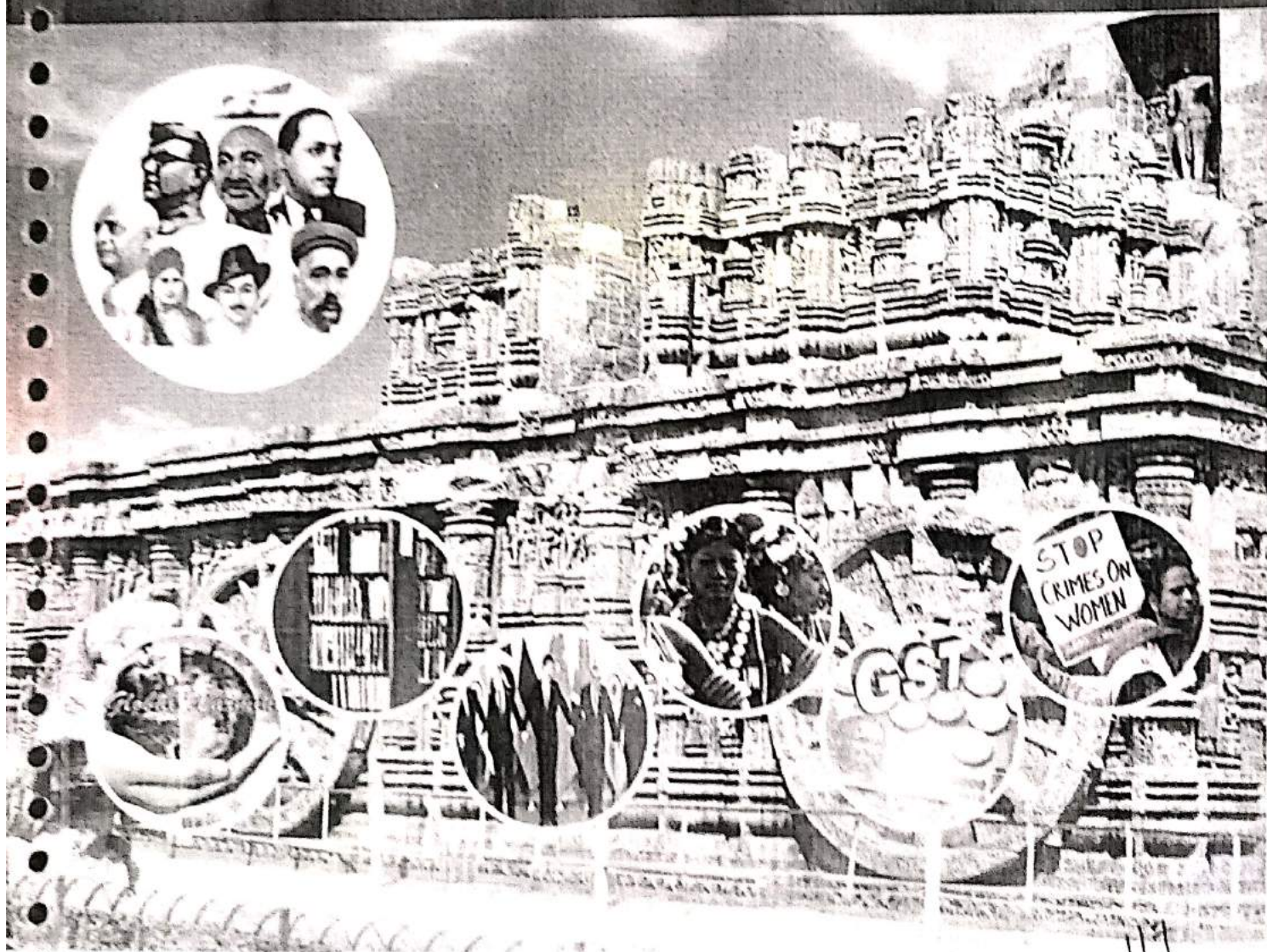
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SPECIAL ISSUE

Theme

**Contemporary Issues and
Challenges in Social Sciences**



INDEX

01	IMPACT OF GLOBAL ECONOMIC CRISIS ON INDIAN ECONOMY Prof.Tukaram Haribhau Aghav	01
02	Land Resources of Wasteland Development in Goa State Mr. Amol S. Shinde	06
03	Role of State Government in Modern Technology of Horticultural Export Promotion Dr. Andge Shashikant Chandrakant	10
04	Equal right to inequality- A case of India Dr. Meenal Annachhatre Ms. Ninawari Ware	23
05	Impact of Environmental Pollution and Degradation on Sustainable Development S.P.Bansode	30
06	RFID TECHNOLOGY AND ROLE OF LIBRARIAN Shri Bhande A P , Dr Dhakne B.N.	36
07	POPULATION COMPOSITION OF KALAMB TAHSIL A GEOGRAPICAL ANALSIS -- Mr. Chendkapure S.S & Dr. Tatipamul.R.V	39
08	INDIA-SRI LANKA RELATIONS: IN POST CIVIL WAR ERA Prof. Dr. Mohan Chougule	43
09	Problem of Rural Distress in India --- Dr. B. H. Damji	47
10	ENDEAVOUR TO EXAMINATION EFFECT OF CLIMATIC CHANGES IN SOLAPUR DISTRICTS ---- Dr. Dede Deepak Kashinath Mr Sudhir Bhimrao Paikekar	52
11	DEMONETIZATION IN INDIA ---- Deshmukh S. K.	57
12	Role of GIS in Smart City: A Special Reference to Solapur City Dr. Dhayagode N.I.	62
13	Hurricane Irma – Observations on a Cyclone that devastated Flori-da Coast in 2017 Dr. Nagnath Dhayagode Mr. B.M. Swami	68
14	Planning and Policy Implications for Sustainable Agriculture De-velopment in India Dr. D. S. Harwalkar	71
15	A GEOGRAPHICAL STUDY OF VARIATION IN BIRTH RATES OF SOLAPUR DISTRICT (M.S). ----- Prin. Dr. R. R. Patil, Mr. Vaibhav Bhagwat Ingale,	76
16	IMPACT OF GLOBAL WARMING AND CLIMATE CHANGE ON AGRICULTURE Dr. Jadhav H.L	82
17	Social Science: Unloved and Sidelined ---- Sandeep Jagdale	85
18	Avabai Wadia (1913-2005) & Family Planning Association of India Dr.Nabha Kakade	89
19	TREND OF URBANIZATION IN INDIA- A GEOGRAPHICAL STUDY Miss . Swati Mhadeo Kamble, Mr. Salunke Rahul Anil	93
20	A GROWTH OF POPULATION IN SOLAPUR DISTRIC Dr. Renuka Laxman Kurle.	96
21	Ground Water Analysis of Osmanabad City Khadke V.V, & Ashok Sapate	101
22	IMPACT OF DEMONETIZATION ON INDIAN ECONOMY Prashant K. Labhane,	104
23	ESTIMATION OF LAND USE AND LAND COVER MAPPING USING REMOTE SENSING AND GIS IN DONAJ VILLAGE ----- Dr. D.N.Ligade, Dr. V. C. Dande	110
24	Role of Bhandardara Dam in Management of Water Resources and Sustainable Development in Ahmednagar District of Maharashtra ---- Dr. T. N. Lokhande	116
25	STRATEGIC MARKETING IN ACADEMIC LIBRARIES Prof. Mohan Dattatray Mahadik	120
26	Social Work Intervention Using Action Research Method in Fieldwork Practice Dr. Mahesh P. Chougule	126
27	Thoughts of Dr. BabasahebAmbedkar- Regarding Water Planning Dr.Ashok Mane, Dr. Javed Tamboli,	133
28	ISSUES OF WOMEN DOMESTIC WOKERS IN INDIA Ibrahim J Mangalagiri and Dr.G.B.Sonar	135
29	The Decline of the Congress Party from Dominance Prof. Maruti Changadev Hajare	141
30	INDIAN ELECTION PROCESS AND REFORMS DR MALLIKARJUN I MINCH	146
31	WORK STREES AND HEALTH ISSUE Munguskar Anil Madhukar	149

POPULATION COMPOSITION OF KALAMB TAHSIL A GEOGRAPICAL ANALYSIS

Mr. Chendkapure S.S

Assistant Teacher
Dept of Geography
Walchand college of arts
And science, Solapur.

Dr. Tatipamul.R.V

Assistant Professor
Dept of Geography
S.M.Dnyandeo Mohekar
Mohekar Mahavidyalaya, kalamb.

Abstract

The present paper is deals with study of population composition of kalamb tahsil. It is mainly focused on population characterizes like sex ratio, literacy, religion wise population, working population etc. kalamb tahsil population is diverse. Rural and agricultural background is the main characteristics of population.

Keywords: - population composition, sex ratio, working population, literacy

Introduction

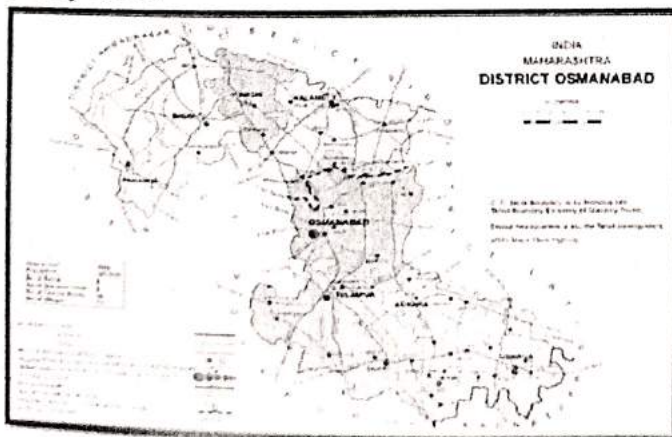
Population geography is deals with growth of population, distribution of population, sex ratio, literacy rate, age composition; working population etc. the characteristics of population are not evenly distributed on the earth surface. Population composition of nation, state, district and tahsil shows diverse in nature. It is depend upon the physiography, socio economic condition of the area. The present paper is focusing on kalamb tahsil with special reference to population study. Kalamb tahsil is fourth largest tahsil in terms of population size. Kalamb Muncipal council is the only one town in whole tahsil.

Objectives: - the present paper is based on one objective, i.e. to study population composition of kalamb tahsil.

Database and methodology

The present work is base on the district census handbook 2011 and socio-economic abstract of Osmanabad district. Some of the books and journals were referred. The quantitative methodology is used for the data analysis.

Study area:-



Kalamb tahsil is one of the tahsil in Osmanabad district. It is located on 18° 31' north latitude and 76° 00' east longitude. Kalamb tahsil border shares north side with Beed district, Latur in east side, Osmanabad tahsil from south side, and solapur district in North West side. Tahsil included total 94 villages with one municipal town

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Population composition of kalamb tahsil

Kalamb tahsil is located in Osmanabad district under the drought prone area. The physiography condition is averse. The total 94 villages are included in tahsil. The population composition of kalamb tahsil is different compare with other tahsil in district. Tahsil total population are 217687 as per census 2011, out of these population 11.8% population are urban and 88.2% population are rural.

The caste wise population distribution of kalamb tahsil is uneven with comparing all castes, especially SC and ST population. The total scheduled caste population was 40327. out of 20806 was male and 19521 were female population. Scheduled tribe total population was 5660 out of 2917 were male and 2743 were female as per census 2011.

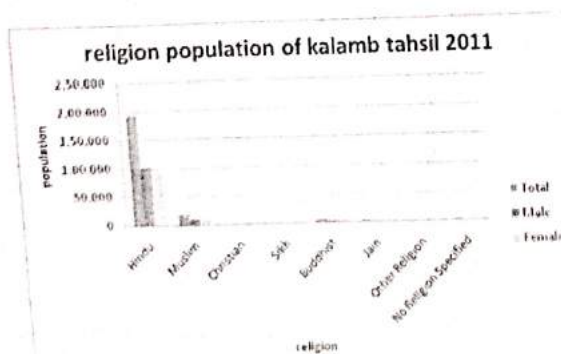
Religion wise population of kalamb tahsil shows diverse nature. As like other tahsil Hindu population is highest among total population. It was 193315(88.85%), out of 101171 were male and 92144 female population. Muslim population ranked second in tahsil with 18218(8.37%) population. Out of these 9397 were male and 8821 were female population. Buddhist population ranked third in the tahsil due to the conversion of religion from scheduled caste to boudha. It was 4119 out of 2155 were male and 1964 were female population. Jain community also shares 0.43% of population. The total Jain population was 926 out of 479 were male and 447 female population. These are mainly located in kalamb municipal council area.

Christian population shares 0.06 % with total 122, out of 61 were male and 61 were female. It was the only equal population of male female in the Christian religion. This population is also converted population. Sikh community shows only 0.02% with total population 34. Other religion shares 0.01% with total population 27. No religion specified category included 926.

Table 1.1 Religion wise population 2011

Religion	Total	Male	Female
Hindu	193,315	101,171	92,144
Muslim	18,218	9,397	8,821
Christian	122	61	61
Sikh	34	21	13
Buddhist	4,119	2,155	1,964
Jain	926	479	447
Other Religion	27	17	10
No Religion Specified	926	461	465

(Source: Census 2011)



Literacy rate in kalamb tahsil was 80.56% as per census 2011 rate 82.34%. Out of total population 88.08% male literacy and 72.43% female literacy. It is lower than Maharashtra average literacy rate of 82.34%.

As compare to India's sex ratio kalamb tahsil sex ratio is lower showing with 914 as per 2011 census. There are 914 females per thousand males. The child sex ratio was 833

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which are lower than the average sex ratio of kalamb tahsil and India.

Rural urban population composition of kalamb tahsil is different comparing with other tahsil in town. As per 2011 census total population was 217687 out of 25713 were urban and 191974 were rural population. The urban population of tahsil is lived in kalamb municipal town; remaining rural population lived in 94 villages in tahsil.

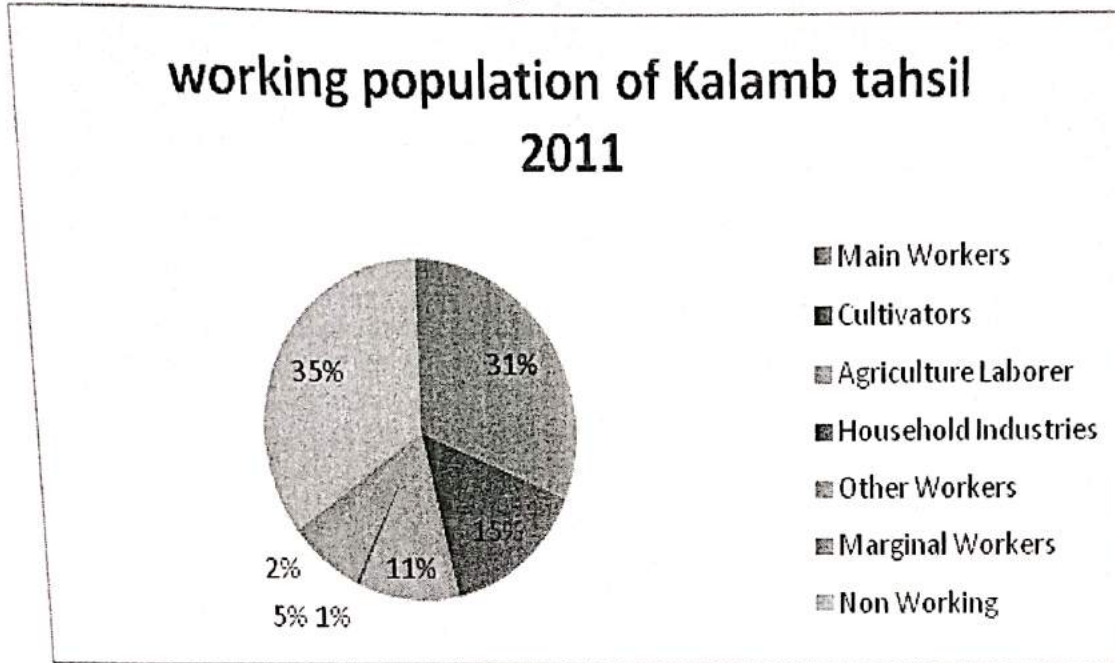


Table 1.2 Working population of kalamb tahsil 2011

Category	Total	Male	Female
Main Workers	99,442	60,616	38,826
Cultivators	48,188	29,427	18,761
Agriculture Laborer	33,212	17,055	16,157
Household Industries	1,709	982	727
Other Workers	16,333	13,152	3,181
Marginal Workers	7,768	3,053	4,715
Non Working	110,477	50,093	60,384

(Source: census 2011)

In the kalamb tahsil working population 107210, out of main workers are 99442, marginal workers are 7768 and non working population are 110477. Main workers were included cultivators, agriculture labourer, household industries and other workers. In that sub category male population is higher than female population. Dependency ratio is high in tahsil. non working population is very high compare to working population. It is because low literacy level, rural background, temporary works etc.

Conclusion

120

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Population composition of kalamb tahsil is diverse in nature. The literacy rate is 80.56% which is higher than the state and national average. , sex ratio is lower than the national average sex ratio. Scheduled caste population share about 20% of the total population in tahsil. As like other tahsil in Osmanabad and Maharashtra majority of Hindu religion population is very high compare to other religion. Kalamb tahsil is totally rural background except kalamb municipal town. Only 11.8% population was urban in kalamb tahsil. Working population is also totally depending upon agriculture and allied activities.

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