Total No. of Printed Pages: 3

SUBJECT CODE NO:- B-2109 FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

B.Sc. S.Y. (Sem-IV)

Examination November/December-2022 Computer Science CS012 Database Management and System Using SOL

		Database Management and System Using SQL	8
[Time: 1:30 Hours]			[Max. Marks:50]
		"Please check whether you have got the right question paper."	Phy Trip
N.B		i) Attempt all questions.ii) Illustrate your answer with suitable labelled diagram.	LISTERIA COLORATELY
0.1	- \		10
Q.1	a)	Explain in detail the abstraction and data integration.	10
	b)	Explain three level of architecture of a DBMS.	10
		OR LOW LOW	
	a)	State and explain components of DBMS.	10
	b)	Explain different data models in DBMS.	10
		The state of the s	
Q.2	a)	What is difference between select and project operation? Give example.	10
	b)	What is SQL? Write the versions of oracles.	10
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187		Write short notes on (any four)	20
		i) Importance of Data model.	
		ii) Data Manipulation Language (DML)	
	, y	iii) E-R data model.	
		iv) Third Normal Form	
		v) Advantages of DBMS.	
		vi) Mapping Cardinality	

Q.3	Multiple cl	hoice questions.
	01)	database level is closest to the users.
	a)	External
	b)	Internal
	c)	physical
	d)	conceptual
	02) In 1	E-R diagram relationship type is represented by
	a)	ellipse
	b)	dashed ellipse
	c)	rectangle
	d)	diamond.
	03) A t	able joined with itself is called
	a)	join
	b)	self join
	c)	outer join
	d)	Equi join
	57	
	04) A p	orimary key if combined with a foreign key creates
	a)	Parent-child relationship between the tables that connect them.
	b)	many to many relationship between the tables that connect them.
	c)	network model between the tables that connect them
	(d)	none of the above.
	05) In t	the architecture of a database system external level is the
	a)	physical level
	b)	logical level
	c)	conceptual level
	d)	view level

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06)	is record based logical model.				
a)	network model				
b)	object oriented model				
c)	E-R model				
d)	none of these				
07) The full form of DDL is					
a)	Dynamic Data Language.				
b)	Detailed Data Language				
c)	Data Definition Language				
d)	Data Derivation Language.				
	The tipe of tipe of the tipe of the tipe of the tipe of tipe of the tipe of the tipe of the tipe of ti				
08) In 1	he relational models, cardinality is termed as				
a)	number of tuples				
b)	number of attributes				
c)	number of tables				
d)	number of constraints				
	Carly, Carlo 1882, 1874, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1884, 1				
09) A f	functional dependency is a relationship between or among				
a)	tables				
b)	rows				
c)	relations				
d)	attributes				
10) Th	e operation of eliminating columns in a table done by operation.				
a)	restrict 19				
b)	project				
c)	union				
d)	divide				