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SUBJECT CODE NO:-B-2062 FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

B.Sc. T.Y. (Sem-VI)

Examination November/December- 2022 Mathematics MAT - 602 Abstract Algebra - II

[Time: 1:30 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B

- i) All questions are compulsory
- ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (A) Attempt any one:

90

- (a) Prove that if U is a vector space over F and W is a subspace of U, then there is a homomorphism of U onto U/W.
- (b) If V is finite-dimensional and if W is a subspace of V, then prove that W is finite-dimensional and dim W ≤ dim V.
- (B) Attempt any one:

07

- (c) Prove that the intersection of two subspaces of a vector space V is a subspace of V.
- (d) If W_1 and W_2 are subspaces of finite-dimensional vector space V over F, then show that $A(W_1 + W_2) = A(W_1) \cap A(W_2).$
- Q.2 (A) Attempt any one:

08

- (a) Prove that a homomorphism T of an R-module M into an R-module N with kernel K(T) is an isomorphism if and only if K(T)=(O).
- (b) If V is a finite-dimensional inner product space and if W is a subspace of V, then prove that $V=W+W^{\perp}$.
- (B) Attempt any one:

07

- (c) If S is subset of a vector space V, let $A(S) = \{f \in \hat{V} | f(s) = 0 \text{ for all } s \in S\}$. Prove that A(S)=A(L(S)), where L(S) is the linear span of S.
- (d) If F is the real field and V is $F^{(3)}$, show that the Schwarz inequality implies that the cosine of an angle is of absolute value at most one.

Q.3	(A)A	ttempt any one:		05	
	(a)	(a) If S is nonempty subset of the vector space V, then prove that L(S) is a subspace of V.			
	(b) If $u, v \in V$ and $\alpha, \beta \in F$, then prove that $\ \alpha u + \beta v\ ^2 = \alpha ^2 \ u\ ^2 + \alpha \bar{\beta}(u, v) + \alpha \bar{\beta}(u, v)$				
	$\bar{\alpha}\beta(v,u) + \beta ^2 v ^2$.				
		Where V is an inner product space over F.			
			Septim Se	05	
	(B) A	(B) Attempt any one:			
	(c)	(c) Show that in $F^{(3)}$ the vectors			
		(1,0,0), (0,1,0) (0,0,1) are linearly independent.			
	(d)	(d) If V is finite-dimensional and $V_1 \neq V_2$ are in V, prove that there is an $f \in \hat{V}$ such that			
		$f(V_1) \neq f(V_2)$.			
Q.4	Choose the correct alternative:			10	
	(i)	If V is vector space over	a field F, then the subspace V itself and (O) of V are called		
		(a) Proper subspaces	(b) Improper subspaces		
		(c) Modules	(d) None of these		
(2) Kin	(ii)	(ii) If W is subspace of a vector space V over F such that dim V=8 and dim W=5, then dim			
		A(W)			
	60V	(a) 13	(b) 8		
		(c) 3	(d) 5		
		(iii) The number of elements in two basis of a finite dimensional vector space is			
	(iii)				
		(a) Equal(c) May or may not be ed	(b) Unequal		
		(c) May of may not be ed	quai (d) None of these		
	(iv)	The dimension of a vector	or space R ³ over R is		
	(iv)	(a) 2	(b) 4		
		(c) 1	(d) 3		
			(4) 5		

- (v) An orthogonal set of non-zero vectors is _____.
 - (a) Linearly dependent
 - (b) Linearly independent
 - (c) A basis
 - (d) None of these