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## **SUBJECT CODE NO:- 2171** FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

**B.Sc. T.Y** (Sem-VI)

## Examination March/April-2022 (To Be Held In June/July-2022) **Electronics Paper- XIX (601)**

	(B) (Instrumentation)	000		
[Time	e: 1:53 Hours] [Max.Ma	ırks:50		
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.  i) Attempt all questions	A PACE		
Q.1	Describe the working along with construction of LCD display. Enlist its important feature.  OR	20		
	What is inductive transducer? Describe linear variable differential transducer (LVDT).			
Q.2	Discuss the photoelectric transducer. With the help of necessary diagram explain the working of photomultiplier tube.	20		
	Write short notes on any four of the following			
	a) Piezoelectric transducer			
	b) Photo transistor			
	c) Resistance thermometer			
	d) X-Y Recorder			
	e) Atomic frequency and time standards			
	f) Type of static error			
Q.3	Attempt the following selecting correct option from the given alternatives	10		
-	The degree of exactness of a management compared to the expected value is			
	a) Resolution			
	b) Sensitivity			
	c) Accuracy			
	d) Error			
2.	Error that occurs due to equality affected measurements is called			
15 E	a) Random			
2000	b) Systematic			
	c) Frequent			
	d) Precision			
3.	Self generating transducers are transducer.			
	a) Active			
	b) Passive			
	c) Secondar			
	d) inverse			
4.	Piezo electric transducers are			
CHANN N	a) passive transducer			
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	b)	inverse transducer
	c)	digital transducer
		active transducer
5.	The re	sistance of LDR when exposed to redient energy
		remains unchanged
		increases
	c)	reaches to maximum value
	d)	decreases
6.	The lo	ad cell is type of transducer
		temperature
	b)	electromagnetic
		pressure cell
	d)	photo electric
7.	The G	aAs material is doped to produce colour LED.
	a)	Yellow
	b)	Green
	c)	Red
	d)	Blue
8.	The ne	ematic liquid crystals is originally
		Transparent
	b)	Semi- transparent
	c)	Opaque
	d)	Coloured
9.	Static	error can also sub divided into
	a)	Random and systematic
	b)	Frequent and systematic
	c)	Precision and frequent
	d)	Static and dynamic
10.	•	is a dynamic characteristics of an instrument
	a)	Voltage
	(4.7	Current
	<b>c</b> )	Speed of response
	. X . X	0×10×10×0×10×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×0×