B.Sc. S.Y (Sem-III)

2176 Zoology Paper-VIII Genetics- II

Time: One Hour Max. Marks: 25

Instruction-:

• Sovle any 25 Question from Q1 to Q30

| 1 Inbreeding between closely relat | ed organism | | |
|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| (A)Increases variation | (B)Reduces variation | (C)Increases sterility | (D)All of the above |
| 2 Which of the following is sex linked disease | | | |
| (A)Baldness | (B)Colour blindness | (C)Night blindness | (D)Far sightedness |
| 3 XO human sex anomaly is resultant of | | | |
| (A)Klinefelter's syndrome | (B)Down's syndrome | (C)Turner's syndrome | (D)None of the above |
| 4 The term 'gene' refers to | • | , , | , , |
| (A)Sequence of amino acids in prote | ein (B)A linkage group | (C)A part of RNA | (D)A portion of DNA |
| 5 Name the bacteria which were used by Griffith for his experiments | | | |
| (A)E.coli | (B)Diplococcus pneumoniae | (C)Lactobacillus | (D)Salmonella typhi |
| 6 Number of autosome in human s | perm is | | |
| (A)11 | (B)22 | (C)44 | (D)45 |
| 7 Statistical study of human popula | ation is known as | | |
| (A)Ecology | (B)Physiology | (C)Biogeography | (D)Demography |
| 8 Anticodon on t RNA pairs with | | | |
| (A)t RNA | (B)mRNA | (C)Other t RNA molecules | (D)DNA |
| 9 Phenylketonuria is a human dise | ase, a person affected by the disease s | uffers From | |
| (A)Kidney failure | (B)Liver failure | (C)Mental idiocy | (D)Sexual infertility |
| 10 Natality refers to | | | |
| (A)Birth rate | (B)Death rate | (C)Population rate | (D)Density |
| 11 Patient with klinefelter's syndrom | ie has chromosomes | | |
| (A)45 | (B)48 | (C)47 | (D)42 |
| 12 Haemophilia is an example of | linked inheritance | | |
| (A)Y | (B)X | (C)O | (D)XY |
| 13 In man albinism is due to the non synthesis of melanin in the absence of | | | |
| (A)Luciferin | (B)Lysine | (C)Melanase | (D)Tyrosinase |
| 14 The sum total of genes in a population is known as | | | |
| (A)Gene bank | (B)Gene linkage | (C)Gene pool | (D)Genome |
| 15 The process of mRNA synthesis | in DNA template is known as | | |
| (A)Transcription | (B)Translation | (C)Transduction | (D)Transformation |
| 16 The exact point where nucleotide | es are being added to growing daughter | Strand during DNA replication are called | ed |
| (A)The oirigin | (B)The double helix | (C)The template | (D)The replication fork |
| 17 Which of the following is a stop of | odon | | |
| (A)AUG | (B)GUG | (C)UAA | (D)GGU |
| 18 In Vitro replication of DNA is calle | ed | | |
| (A)Polymerisation reaction | (B)Polymerase chain reaction | (C)DNA fragmentation | (D)Southern blotting |
| 19 What is the process of introducing | g vector into the target bacterial cell know | own as | |
| (A)Transposition | (B)Transduction | (C)Transformation | (D)Transfection |
| 20 Population size increases by | | | |
| (A)Natality | (B)Immigration | (C)Emigration | (D)Both a & b |
| 21 Non sex chromosome are | | | |
| (A)Heterosome | (B)Autosome | (C)Allosomes | (D)Cytosomes |
| 22 First licensed drug produced by | genetic engineering is | | |
| (A)Interferon | (B)Insulin | (C)Penicillin | (D)Somatotropin |
| 23 Red blindness is called | | | |
| (A)Night blindness | (B)Protonopia | (C)Deuteronopia | (D)Albinism |
| 24 Which group of enzymes are popularly called as 'Molecular Stichers' | | | |
| (A)Restriction endonuclease | (B)Ligases | (C)RNA polymerase | (D)DNA polymerase |
| 25 Mongolian syndrome is caused by | | | |
| (A)Extra chromosome | (B)Extra autosome | (C)Extra chromosome in 21st autosomal pair | (D)Gene mutation |
| 26 Which of the following is a genetic disease | | | |

(A)Blindness (B)Phenylketonuria (C)Cataract (D)Leprosy 27 A man who carries a sex linked gene on his Y chromosome will transmit this gene to..... (A)Half of his sons (B)Half of his daughters (C)All his sons (D)All his daughters 28 Genetic engineering means.... (B)Manipulation of cell content (C)Manipulation of Macula adherans (D)Formation of test tube baby (A)Manipulation of genes 29 The genetic code was discovered by....... (A)G. Gamow (B)H.G. Khurana (C)Watson and Crick (D)M. Nirenberg 30 An abnormal gene is replaced by normal gene, it is called......

(C)Mutation

(D)None of the above.

(B)Cloning

(A)Gene therapy