

Time: One Hour

Max. Marks: 25

Instruction:

- Solve any 25 questions

- Graphite is the allotrope of-----
(A)N (B)C (C)O (D)P
- The two electrons present in an orbital are distinguished by
(A)Principal quantum number (B)Azimuthal quantum number (C)Magnetic quantum number (D)Spin quantum number
- The dry ice is-----
(A)Size of orbital (B)Shape of orbital (C)solid carbon dioxide (D)Nuclear stability
- Heisenberg's uncertainty principle rules out the exact simultaneous measurement of
(A)Probability and intensity (B)Energy and velocity (C)Charge and density (D)Position and momentum
- The shape of orbital with $l = 1$ and $m = 0$ is
(A)Spherical (B)Dumb bell (C)Clover leaf (D)Dough nut
- The ground state electronic configuration for chromium atom ($Z=24$) is
(A)[Ar] 3d5 4s1 (B)[Ar] 3d4 4s2 (C)[Ar] 3d6 4s0 (D)[Ar] 4s1 4d5
- Hund's rule deals with distribution of electrons in
(A)A principal shell (B)Different subshells (C)Orbitals with slightly different energies (D)Degenerate orbitals
- Bohr's model failed because of the advent of
(A)Planks quantum theory (B)Electromagnetic wave theory (C)Heisenberg's uncertainty principle (D)Photoelectric effect
- The total energy of an electron in an atom is
(A)Less than zero (B)Greater than zero (C)Zero (D)Less or more than zero
- The total number of orbitals in fifth energy level is
(A)5 (B)10 (C)20 (D)25
- The atomic radii in case of inert gases is
(A)Ionic radii (B)Covalent radii (C)van der Waals radii (D)None of the above
- Which out of the following has largest size
(A)Mg²⁺ (B)Rb⁺ (C)Li⁺ (D)Na⁺
- An atom of an electronegative element becomes an ion by
(A)Gain of electron (B)Loss of electron (C)Loss of its radius (D)Serving as a reductant
- In any period of the periodic table the electronegativity of elements, as we move from left to right
(A)Increases (B)Decreases (C)Remains same (D)None
- Group number and valency has no relation in
(A)First group (B)Second group (C)Group 14 (D)Zero group
- In the periodic table, on moving along a period, the ionization potential
(A)Increases from left to right (B)Remains unchanged (C)First increases and then decreases (D)Decreases from left to right
- The most electron affinity element is
(A)F (B)Cl (C)Br (D)I
- Which element has the greatest tendency to lose electrons
(A)Fr (B)F (C)S (D)Be
- The smallest alkali metal cation is
(A)Li⁺ (B)Na⁺ (C)K⁺ (D)Fr⁺
- Diagonal element of carbon is
(A)P (B)Al (C)Na (D)Si
- Sodium metal cannot be stored under
(A)Benzene (B)Alcohol (C)Toluene (D)Kerosene oil
- In comparison to alkali metals, alkaline earth metals are
(A)Less reactive (B)Less reducing (C)Less basic (D)All of the above
- Barium burns in air to form
(A)BaO (B)BaO₂ (C)Ba₂O₂ (D)Ba(OH)₂
- AX₃ type of interhalogen compounds have hybridization
(A)sp (B)sp² (C)sp³ (D)sp³d
- The shapes of tetrahalides of group 14 element is
(A)Square planar (B)Tetrahedral (C)Trigonal bipyramid (D)Octahedral
- The most stable hydride is
(A)NH₃ (B)PH₃ (C)AsH₃ (D)SbH₃

27 The number of sigma bond in P4O10 is

- (A)6 (B)7 (C)16 (D)20

28 The oxidation state of oxygen in O2F2

- (A)+1 (B)+2 (C)+4 (D)-2

29 B(OH)3

- (A)Mono basic acid (B)Di basic acid (C)Tri basic acid (D)Tetra basic acid

30 Three centered bond is present in

- (A)NH3 (B)B2H6 (C)BCl3 (D)AlCl3