## **Examination October 2020**

## B.Sc. T.Y (Sem-V)

## 2143 Chemistry Paper - XIII(Physical Chemistry)

Time: One Hour Max. Marks: 25

Instruction:

• Solve any 25 questions

1 The radiations given out by the blackbody is dependent on the ... (A)temperature of the cavity (B)nature of the interior material (C)both the temperature and internal (D)none of the above material of cavity 2 According to Plank radiation law, the oscillator absorbs energy .... (A)continuously (B)discontinuously (C)constantly (D)none of the above 3 The photoelectric effect is shown by ..... (A)transition metal (C)lanthanides (D)actinides (B)alkali metal 4 According to Compton effect, the scattered radiation have ......than the incident radiation (A) greater wavelength (B)shorter wavelength (C)equal wavelength (D)constant wavelength 5 The splitting of spectral lines in magnetic field is called ... (A)Stark effect (B)Zeeman effect (C)Compton effect (D)Photoelectric effect 6 According to de Broglie's hypothesis, the wavelength of a particle in motion is ------ to its momentum (A)inversely proportional (B)directly proportional (C)equal (D)none of the above 7 A photochemical reaction takes place by the absorption of ... (A) visible and ultraviolet radiations (B)infrared radiations (C)heat energy (D)none of above 8 According to Plank radiation law, the oscillator absorbs energy .... (A)continuously (B)discontinuously (C)constantly (D)none of the above 9 Only the fraction of incident light that is absorbed by the substance can bring about a chemical change is the statement of ... (A) first law of photochemistry (B)second law of photochemistry (C)third law of photochemistry (D)none of these 10 The non-radiative loss of energy that occurs between electronic energy manifold of the same spin type: singlet-singlet or triplet-triplet is called ... (A)fluorescence (B)phosphorescence (C)internal conversion (D)intersystem crossing 11 The substance which on absorption of light does not apparently undergoes any chemical change but initiate a photochemical reaction in another substance is called .... (A)photosensitizer (B)catalyst (C)promoter (D)inhibitor 12 When a molecule of the reactant when exposed to light absorbs one quantum per second the quantum efficiency of a reaction will be ... (A)1 (B)2 (C)3(D)0 13 Surface tension is ... (A)additive property (B)constitutive property (C)intensive Property (D)extensive property 14 The light which vibrates in only one plane is called ... (A)ordinary light (B)rotated light (C)plane polarised light (D)none of the above 15 Dipole moment is ... (A)scalar quantity (B)vector quantity (C)both a and b (D)none of the above 16 The geometry of symmetrical triatomic molecule is ... (C)tetrahedral (D)pyramidal (B)triangular 17 The substance having magnetic permeability less than one is ... (A)diamagnetic substance (B)paramagnetic substance (C)ferromagnetic substance (D)none of the above 18 In Guoy method the magnetic susceptibility is determined by measuring the change in ... (A)volume (B)mass (C)both mass and volume (D)none of above 19 Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) and Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectroscopy is studied in ... (A)microwave region (B)infrared region (C)visible region (D)radio wave region 20 In UV spectroscopy the radiation source is ... (A)tungsten filament lamp (D)ceramic filament (B)deuterium lamp (C)gun diode 21 Microwave active molecules are ... (A)homo-nuclear diatomic molecules (B)hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules (C)linear polyatomic molecules (D)nonpolar polyatomic molecules -22 In rotational spectroscopic work; the energy is expressed in terms of ... (A) joule (C)wavenumber (D)calorie (B)erg 23 Which of the following transitions between rotational energy levels is not allowed  $(A)J = 1 \leftarrow J = 2$  $(\mathsf{B})\mathsf{J}=1\to\mathsf{J}=0$  $(C)J = 0 \leftarrow J = 1$  $(D)J = 1 \leftarrow J = 3$ 24 Rotational energy levels are studied in ... (A) visible region (B)microwave region (C)infrared region (D)ultraviolet region 25 Nanomaterial is the substance having one of its dimensions in the range ... (B)10-1000 nm (C)100-1000 nm (D)1-1000 nm (A)1-100 nm

26 Which of the following method of synthesis of nanomaterial is example of bottom up approach?

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(A) pvese-Micelle Route (B) sol-Gel synthesis (C) collidal precipitation (D) all of these 27 The method of synthesis of nanomaterial by physical methods is ...

(A)high energy ball milling (B)physical vapour deposition method (C)laser ablation (D)all of these

28 In physical vapour deposition method for synthesis of nanomaterial, crucibles used are made up of ...

(A)Copper (B)Steel (C)Tungsten (D)None of these

29 The Nano particles can be synthesised with the help of ...

(A)bacteria (B)fungi (C)yeast (D)All of these

30 Leaves of germanium plant are used for the synthesis of Nano particles of

(A)Ag (B)Au (C)Cds (D)Zns